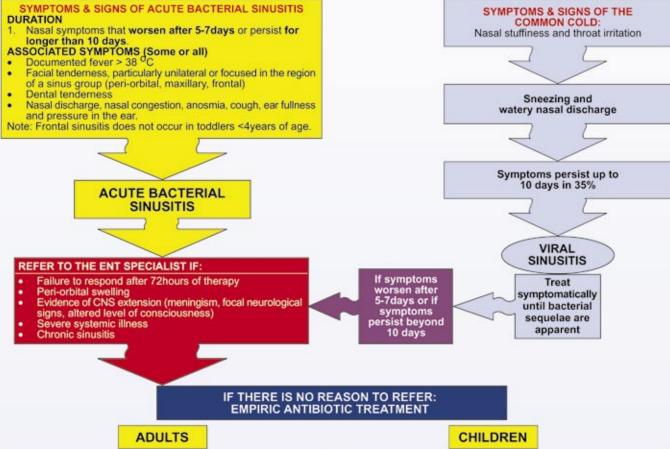
# SINUSITIS

#### The duration of nasal symptoms is more important than the colour of secretions:

- If symptoms persist for up to 10 days without complications: more likely viral If symptoms persist after 10 days: more likely bacterial. If symptoms worsen after 5-7days: more likely bacterial

Special investigations: Not recommended in GP practice. X-rays of limited value, CT scans to be done before surgery. Nasal swabs from nasal puncture by ENT surgeon only.



### DRUG OF CHOICE: ORAL AMOXYCILLIN

Adults: 1000mg tds for 10 days

# **ALTERNATIVE ANTIBIOTIC CHOICES**

# SEVERE BETA-LACTAM ALLERGY

# Macrolides/azalide/lincosamide/ketolide

- Erythromycin estolate, 500mg qid for 10 days Azithromycin, 500mg once daily for 3 days Clarithromycin (Modified release), 1000mg once daily for 10 days Telithromycin, 800mg once daily for 5-10 days

# Fluoroquinolones

- Gatifloxacin, 400mg once daily for 5-10days.
   Levofloxacin, 500mg once or twice daily for 10 days
   Moxifloxacin, 400mg once daily for 5-10days

  BETA-LACTAMASE STABLE AGENTS

- Amoxycillin-clavulanate, 1000mg bd plus additional amoxycillin, 500mg bd for 10 days

- Cefpodoxime proxetil, 200-400mg bd for 10 days Cefprozil, 500mg-1000mg bd for 10 days Cefuroxime axetil, 500mg-1000 mg bd for 10 days

#### **FAILED INITIAL THERAPY**

- Amoxycillin-clavulanate, 1000mg bd plus additional amoxycillin, 500mg bd for 10 days
- Telithromycin 800mg once daily for 5-10 days
- Respiratory fluoroquinolones at the above doses
- Ceftriaxone IV or IMI 1-2g once daily for 3-5 days

### DRUG OF CHOICE ORAL AMOXYCILLIN

Children: 90mg/kg/day in 3 divided doses for 10 days

# ALTERNATIVE ANTIBIOTIC CHOICES

- SEVERE BETA-LACTAM ALLERGY

  Erythromycin estolate, 40mg/kg bd for 10 days Azithromycin, 10mg/kg once daily for 3 days
   Clarithromycin, 15mg/kg bd for 10 days
   BETA-LACTAMASE STABLE AGENTS

- Amoxycillin-clavulanate, plus additional amoxycillin (to 90mg/kg Amoxycillin-clavulanate, plus additional amoxycillin (co-amoxycillin per day in three divided doses for 10 days) Cefpodoxime proxetil, 8-16mg bd for 10days Cefprozil, 15-30mg/kg bd for 10 days Cefuroxime axetil, 15-30mg/kg bd for 10 days

# **FAILED INITIAL THERAPY**

- Amoxycillin-clavulanate, plus additional amoxycillin (to 90mg/kg amoxycillin per day in three divided doses for 10 days) Ceftriaxone, IV or IMI 50-75mg/kg once daily for 3-5days

# Special notes

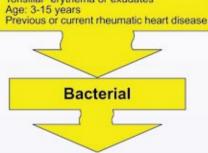
Subsequent to the recent publication of the recommendations for the antibiotic treatment of upper respiratory tract infections in the SAMJ (2004), a new slow release formulation of amoxycillinclavulanate (2000mg SR bd) was licensed for use in South Africa. This formulation would be a suitable replacement for the previously recommended amoxycillin-clavulanate and additional amoxycillin, formulation.

# SORE THROAT

Determine clinically what the most likely pathogen is: (Throat swabs: Only if the sore throat is recurrent despite antibiotic treatment)

## Symptom cluster Acute onset

- Temperature >38C
- Tender anterior cervical nodes
- Tonsillar erythema or exudates



# REFER TO ENT SPECIALIST IF:

### Local complications:

- Peritonsillar sepsis including: quinsy abscess, cellulites, trismus and/or asymmetrical peritonsillar swelling
- Recurrent infections (4 or more episodes per annum)
- No response to initial therapy

#### Systemic complications

- Acute rheumatic fever
- Severe systemic illness

#### IF THERE IS NO REASON TO REFER: EMPIRIC ANTIBIOTIC TREATMENT

# DRUG OF CHOICE: PENICILLIN

Oral therapy: dose according to weight

- 27kg: PenVK: 250mg bd for 10 days (30 min before meals)
- >27kg: Pen VK: 500mg bd for 10 days (30min before meals)

OR Intramuscular therapy: dose according to age

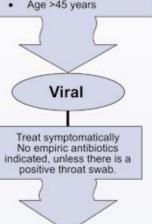
- 3-5years: 600 000 U benzathine penicillin
- >5years: 1.2 MU benzathine penicillin

#### Adults

- Oral: 500mg Pen VK bd for 10 days OR,
- IMI: 1.2 MU Benzathine penicillin OR.
- IMI: 900 000 U Benzathine PLUS 300 000 U procaine penicillin.

## Symptom cluster

- Rhinorrhoea
- Cough Diarrhoea
- Conjunctivitis
- Age >45 years



REFER IF **COMPLICATIONS OCCUR** 

# ALTERNATIVE DRUGS FOR BACTERIAL TONSILITIS TO BE SELECTED IN THE FOLLOWING CASES:

# A. CONFIRMED GROUP A BETA-HAEMOLYTIC STREPTOCOCCI (S. PYOGENES) ON A THROAT SWAB:

Amoxycillin, 25mg/kg bd for 10 days

### Adults

Amoxycillin, 500mg bd for 10 days

# **B. SEVERE BETA LACTAM ALLERGY**

- Erythromycin estolate, 40mg/kg bd for 10 days
- Azithromycin, 10-20mg/kg once daily for 3 days
- Clarithromycin, 7.5-15mg/kg bd for 5 days

#### Adults

- Erythromycin estolate, 500mg bd for 10 days
- Azithromycin, 500mg once daily for 3 days
- Clarithromycin (Modified release), 500mg once daily for 5 days
- Telithromycin, 800mg once daily for 5 days

#### C. SHORT COURSE THERAPY (3-5 DAYS) Children:

- Amoxycillin-clavulanate, 40mg/kg/day in 3 divided doses\*
- Azithromycin, 10-20mg/kg once daily for 3 days
- Clarithromycin, 7.5mg/kg bd\*
- Cefpodoxime proxetil, 4mg bd\*
- Cefprozil, 7.5mg/kg bd\*
- Cefuroxime axetil, 10mg/kg bd\*

#### Adults

- Amoxycillin-clavulanate 375mg tds\*
- Azithromycin, 500mg once daily for 3 days
- Clarithromycin (Modified release), 500mg once daily\*
- Telithromycin, 800mg once daily
- Cefpodoxime proxetil, 100mg bd\*
- Cefprozil, 500mg bd\*
- Cefuroxime axetil, 250mg bd\*

\* 5 days